

TRIBUTES TO THE DEAD.

he House of Commons Honors
John Bright's Memory.

R. WM. GLADSTONE'S EULOGY.

ered With the Great Statesman
on the Question of the Hour.

London, March 29.—The session of the House of Commons this evening was devoted to eulogies of the late John Russell. When the Right Hon. William Henry Smith, who was the first speaker, rose to address the House, all the members doffed their hats. Mr. Smith, in a short speech, described Mr. Bright as a man of thorough honesty of purpose and of energy of character. If there was a defect in his character it was the meanness of his advocacy of the principle that he had adopted.

Mr. Gladstone, upon rising, was received with cheers. He said:

Mr. Bright has been, to a very remarkable degree, happy in the moment of his removal from among us. He lived

to which he specially devoted his talent. He has established a new class of literature, of which he is the originator, and from whom he differed through some political life by marked concurrence with them upon the prompt and dominant question of our Irish race. He was the first that way opened the souls and hearts of those with whom he differed to appreciation of his merits, as lost nothing by that concord with those who were his objects of such respect. Though Mr. Bright came to be separated from the great bulk of the race on the Irish question, no occasion was there then any word disagreement between them. I have not through my whole political life embraced the character of Mr. Bright and the value of that character to our country.

to be one of the chief guardians of the purity of the English tongue "Heart"?

"He knew the character of a nation associated with its language. He was led, as an Englishman profoundly attached to his country, the tongue of his people he loved, and he had an act of worship, to preserve the purity of the language of Shakespeare and [Cheere].

"His name is indelibly written on the tablets of time on the hearts of the past and overspreading race to which he belonged, whose wide extension he came to see and whose power and influence he was ever ready to be full of praise and glory for the best interests mankind."

Parnell's Defense Plan.

LONDON, March 29.—The Irish leaders Connolly and the Parnellite council

a conference last night and mapped out a plan of campaign to be put into action when the commission reports. "We will learn the details of the defense, but that it will be useful and effective is sure. The defense will have two advantages: an interference on the resources of which the people are entitled to feel a certain enthusiasm and zeal of their wit-nesses, which will be a striking contrast to the aversion of so many of the *Times*'s editors, and of the secret knowledge of the ex-officials and leaders as against that of the Government. The judges require that all the ac-tions be taken in detail as they were in the *Times*, it will be impossible to say that the witnesses will in that case, have to go through the box, and be subjected to slow torture of cross-examination.

ke the proceedings as short as will be compatible with a telling and forceful exposition of the Irish side. He does not wish to unnecessarily prolong trial, but will use all his efforts to thoroughly present all that will tend to revert English opinion to the belief of the rulers.

More Evictions in Ireland.

DUBLIN, March 29.—Thirteen tenants have been evicted from their homes at Ennagory. After the tenants had been driven from the house twelve of the buildings were set on fire by the agent and emergency men. The best house was not destroyed, being spared for use as quarters for the police.

The Government Wants Time.

DUBLIN, March 29.—When the case of the accepted

day comes up before the tribunal on Tuesday next, the Government will ask the court to grant a postponement of the trial in order to enable the prosecution to obtain information regarding the case.

Many Drowned at Samoa.

SYDNEY, March 20.—Advice have been received from Samoa to the effect that in a terrible hurricane there were three American and four German men-of-war wrecked, and that many persons were drowned.

Nonlanger Ordered Arrested.

BERLIN, March 20.—The *Presse* stated that M. M. Clemenceau and Rovinsky, both of whom are members of the Chamber of Deputies, have requested Constans, Minister of the Interior,

Brawl to Be Entertained in Edinburg.
EDINBURG, March 29.—A proposition has been made to confer the freedom of the city of Edinburg on Mr. Parsell. A majority of the municipal authorities of the city are in favor of the proposition.

—————

A Priest Surrenders.
DUBLIN, March 29.—Father Ferrell, arrested a warrant was granted against him by the criminal justice commission. He has surrendered himself to the authorities and has been held in jail in Wexford.

—————

Boulanger in for it.
PARIS, March 29.—The Cabinet to-day unanimously resolved to persecute Gen. Boulanger.

—————

Dyspepsia and Thoracic Liver.
Nathaniel Haynes, M.D.,

Albany, N. Y., writes:
I have been a great sufferer from dyspepsia for the last six months, and constipation for the last three months. Some time ago I read in one of the health papers the case of a gentleman in Albany who was cured of a similar affliction by Dr. J. C. Alcock's PLEURUS PLASTER. I bought three—one referred to, I used the first, and the second on my stomach, and the third on my right side. I wore them a week, then took a renewal of the plasters, I washed my face with the cologne, rubbed them on my neck, and then applied fresh Alcock's PLEURUS PLASTER. I found my appetite improved, my bowels regular, and my digestion much improved in two weeks. After three weeks my bowels became regular, and in four weeks I was cured.